RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

THIRD YEAR

B.A./B.SC. FIFTH SEMESTER (July – December), 2012 Mid-Semester Examination, September 2012

Date : 10/09/2012

MICROBIOLOGY (Honours)

 $\label{eq:paper:V} \mbox{Full Marks: } 50$

1.	a)	Explain briefly whether the statement is true or false:i) Secondary screening help in the selection of improved strain.ii) Regulation of pH and temperature maintain capacity is the only criterion to be a good fermenter.	[2] [2]
	b) c)	What properties make a chemical reactor into a bioreactor? Write short notes on Antifoam agent.	[2] [2]
1	(ه	OR Why are some microorganisms called "industrial microorganism" not all?	[2]
1.	a) b)	Differentiate between primary and secondary metabolites.	[2] [2]
	c)	What is the basis of preservation of microbes by Lyophilization? What are the advantages and limitations of this method?	[4]
2.	a)	How virus can be classified according to their symmetry?	[1½]
2.	b)	Viral lipid is fully dependent on host. —Justify.	$[1\frac{1}{2}]$
	c)	Draw a typical one step growth curve of virus.	[2]
	d)	How will you prove that viral nucleic acid is DNA or RNA.	[2]
	e)	Given an example of virus with fragmented genome.	[1]
3.	Wr	rite short notes on : (Answer <u>any three</u>)	[4×3]
	a)	Clonal selection Theory	
	b)	ADCC	
	c)	Haematopoiesis	
	d)	Opsonization	
	e)	Naive T Cell	
	f)	MHC proteins	
4.	a)	If two plasmids cannot be maintained in a single cell, what property is common to the plasmids?	[2]
	b)	Write the role of histones in compaction of genomic DNA.	[3]
	c)	With suitable examples show the interconvertibility of twist and writhing number.	[2]
	d)	How can you prove the presence of repetitive DNA in eukaryotic genome without sequencing?	[2]
	e)	Why did Watson-Crick choose a double helical model for the structure of DNA? OR	[3]
4.	a)	What is satellite DNA?	[2]
	b)	What is the crucial portion of the experiments done by Avery, Mcleod and McCarty to prove that DNA is the genetic material.	
	c)	The $Cot_{1/2}$ value of T4 phage DNA is 0.5 and contains 10^5 nucleotide pairs. An unknown organismenome showed a $Cot_{1/2}$ value of 20. What is the size of the genome of this unknown organism.	sm
	d)	Briefly mention the steps to find out the fundamental units of chromatin fibre.	[2]
	e)	Write down the differences between B and Z-DNA.	[2]

- f) An F'(T_s) lac⁺ plasmid has a temperature sensitive mutation in its replication system,
 - i) What is the phenotype of an F'(T_s) lac⁺/lac⁻ cell at 42°C.
 - ii) An F'(T_s) lac⁺/lac⁻ gal⁺ strain is grown for many generations and then plated at 42°C. Some lec⁺ colonies form at 42°C. How have these formed?
- 5. Justify the statements:

 $[2\times3]$

[2]

- a) Normal flora may alter with physiological changes
- b) Skin is not suitable for the growth of Gram negative bacteria
- c) Capsules are virulence determinant
- 6. What is type IV fimbriae? How does the different portals of entry confer resistance to the entry of pathogens? [1+3]

OR

6. What is super infection? Write down the functions of intestinal microflora.

[2+2]

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